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LOWER PENNSYLVANIAN

CLAY RESOURCES OF

ROCK ISLAND, MERCER, AND

HENRY COUNTIES, ILLINOIS

Walter E. Parham

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OF ROCK ISLAND, MERCER, AND HENRY COUNTIES, ILLINOIS

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ABSTRACT

Some 95 samples of the underclays occuring in the Spoon and Abbott Formations (lower Pennsylvanian) of Rock Island, Mercer, and Henry Counties, Illinois, were tested to determine their suitability for use in making fired clay products.

This area of Illinois contains underclay deposits of good quality capable of a wide variety of uses. The overburden is less than 40 feet thick over 50 percent of the underclays. At present, only one underclay and one shale pit are in operation in the three counties.

All of the samples have fusion temperatures below PCE cone 28, and about half of the clays tested have light firing colors. Various samples are suitable for stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery, bonding clay, and lightweight aggregate.

INTRODUCTION

This report on the clay resources of the Spoon and Abbott Formations of the Pennsylvanian System in Rock Island, Mercer, and Henry Counties, Illinois, is the third in a series of guides to locating and exploiting new light-burning clay deposits. Reports on the clay resources of LaSalle and Knox Counties already have been published (Parham, 1959, 1960).

Most of Rock Island, Henry, and Mercer Counties is covered by Pleistocene glacial deposits. The older coal-bearing rocks of the Pennsylvanian System and their associated clays are exposed in the streams along the bluffs of the Rock and Mississippi Rivers and in other streams that have cut through the region's wide-spread glacial deposits. The type of clay sampled for this report is called underclay and generally is found directly beneath coal beds. Underclays are nonlaminated, gray, fine grained, sedimentary rocks. They can vary in thickness from a few inches to ten or fifteen feet.

Sampling was limited to underclays of the Spoon and Abbott Formations. However, preliminary investigations of the spores of some coals of western Rock Island County by R. M. Kosanke of the Illinois State Geological Survey have shown that there are at least two coals in this region containing spores like those found in coals of the Caseyville Formation of southern Illinois. It is possible that some of the underclays of western Rock Island County listed in this report as being in

the lower Abbott Formation will be found to belong to the Caseyville Formation when the current spore study has been completed.

A total of 95 samples, two of which are shale, were studied. The samples were taken from the locations shown in figure 1. A few of them were obtained from underground mines of the Rock Island (No. 1) Coal, but most were from outcrops.

GENERAL GEOLOGY OF THE AREA

The Pennsylvanian rocks of Rock Island, Mercer, and Henry Counties appear to lie flat in most areas, but they actually dip very gently to the southeast. The thickness of the Pennsylvanian underclays may be extremely variable within a small area. Careful geologic correlation and measurement of the exposed rocks in the prospect area, coupled with the study of cores of the same rocks from the covered intervals, should be made before attempting to exploit such deposits.

Wanless (1952) stated that some of the rocks in this region were deposited in estuaries a few hundred yards wide and several miles long. The Rock Island (No. 1) Coal, and the limestone above it, can vary from 1 to 5 feet in thickness in less than 100 yards near the edges of these estuaries. Such variation causes equivalent geologic sections to differ greatly in appearance even though they may be quite close together.

Small faults of five- or ten-foot displacement have been observed in western Rock Island County. In addition, in some places throughout the region younger Pennsylvanian sandstones have cut through the older layers of Pennsylvanian rocks. Either of these factors may account for the sudden termination of an apparently continuous underclay unit. The delineation of such a deposit thus can become very complex. It is recommended that competent geological assistance be utilized during the initial development of underclay resources.

At present, only one deposit of underclay and one of shale are being used commercially in the three counties. Earlier in the 1900's underclays were used locally in all of these counties, but little trace of this activity is left today. A deposit in western Rock Island County was mined from time to time and the raw material was hauled by wagon to Muscatine, Iowa (Lines, 1917), for the manufacture of drain tile. At Sears, in Rock Island County, clay was mined for use in the manufacture of fire brick. In 1925 underclay was mined at Griffin in Mercer County, but this operation has long since been abandoned. Other ceramic and mineralogical data regarding clays and shales from this area can be found in Lines (1917), Parmelee and Schroyer (1921), Grim et al. (1957), White and Lamar (1960), and White (1960).

A detailed geologic account of this region is found in the publications by Green (1870), Savage and Udden (1921), Shaw (1873), Wanless (1929, 1952), and Worthen and Shaw (1873). The formation names used in this report are those used in the Illinois State Geological Survey's "Classification of the Pennsylvanian Strata of Illinois" (Kosanke et al., 1960).

Owing in part to the rapid lateral variations in the thickness of the rocks involved and in part to the lack of detailed geological information in parts of the counties studied, it was difficult, in places throughout the area, to determine exactly what unit was being sampled. The stratigraphic relationships of these rocks is being investigated by Neal O'Brien, Illinois Geological Survey, who also aided in identifying the various stratigraphic units in this report.

Included in this report on existing clay deposits in Rock Island, Mercer, and Henry Counties is information concerning sample locations, thickness, overburden, type of underlying and overlying sediment, results of tests on the physical properties, and suggestions for uses. The test results include the drying and firing shrinkage of the clay, water of plasticity, fired colors, and bonding properties. The clay minerals in each sample were identified by x-ray techniques. The x-ray analyses were used as a basis for selecting samples for bonding tests and for fusion temperature tests.

Extrusion and Firing of Test Bars

Each sample of clay was air dried and crushed to particles approximately one-fourth inch or less in diameter. The sample then was mixed with sufficient water to develop plasticity. The percentage of water added in each case was determined and recorded as water of plasticity. The plastic clay was extruded into three individual test bars, each 1 by 1 by 6 inches. The bars were air dried for at least two days, then measured to determine the percentage of drying shrinkage. The first bar was fired at 1832° F, the second at 2012°F, and the third at 2200° F. After each firing, the test bars were measured to determine the percentage of firing shrinkage.

Most of the samples in this study were obtained from outcrops, and weathering probably has altered the burning color of the clay. A weathered, light-burning clay generally burns darker than the unweathered clay from the same deposit, owing to the oxidation of pyrite in the clay and to the fine dissemination of iron throughout the clay deposit. For a better indication of true burning color, it would be necessary to obtain unweathered samples of the clay from drill holes near the area in question.

In some clays, soluble iron salts will migrate outward to the surface of an unfired brick during the drying period. When the brick is fired, the high concentration of iron will be on that surface of the brick through which the most drying has taken place, and the fired color generally will be dark brick red on that surface, whereas the other surfaces may be considerably lighter.

Samples 1581, 1627, 1629, 1703, 1707, and 1718 displayed this iron discoloration, but the fired colors, which are listed in the tables for the various firing temperatures, are taken from the surfaces not discolored by the iron.

High-Temperature Properties

The 10 samples that proved to have, on the basis of mineralogical data obtained by x-ray analyses of each sample, the largest amounts of kaolinite were selected for tests to determine whether their fusion points were PCE (pyrometric cone equivalent) 28 or greater. A small cone was made from each sample and mounted in a gas furnace with standard cones of PCE 28, 29, 30, and 31. The sample was heated to its fusion point and compared with the standard cones. The fusion point of all samples tested fell below PCE cone 28, making them unacceptable for use as medium heat duty refractories, which require materials with PCE values of at least 29 (Parham, 1959, p. 7).

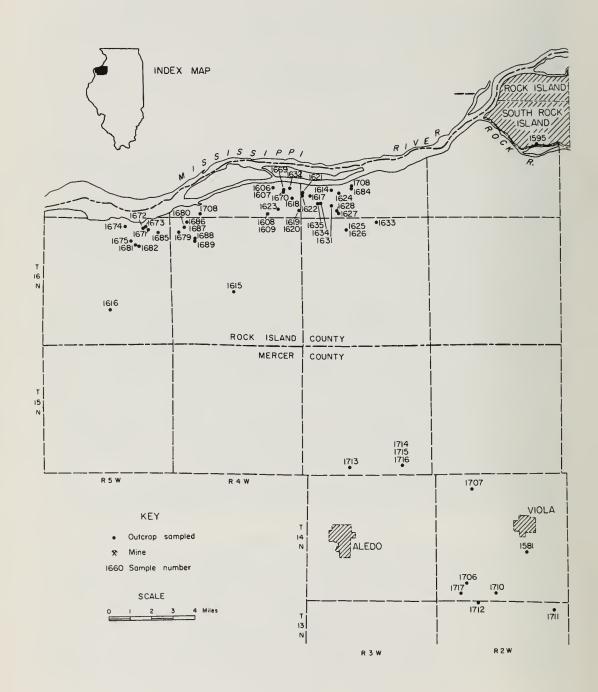
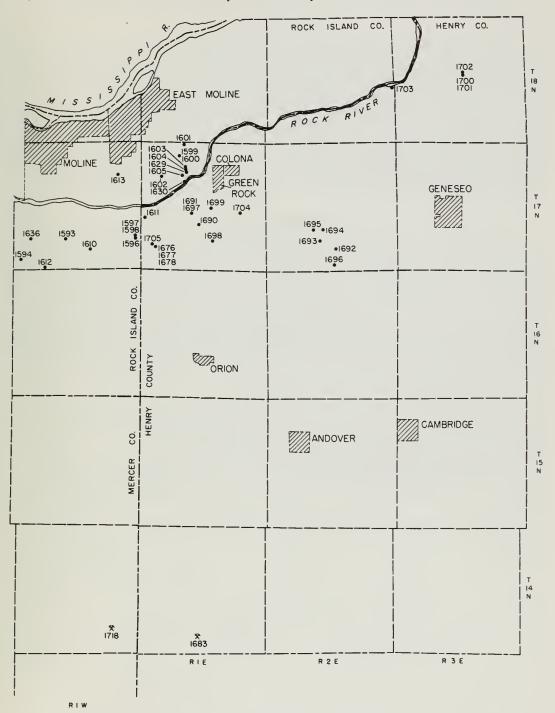


Fig. 1 - Map of area studied showing



locations from which samples were taken.

Bonding Tests

Some underclays have been found to be satisfactory for use as bonding clays for foundry sands. The clay mineralogy of an underclay may be used effectively in predicting its bonding properties. About one-fourth of the samples were selected for bonding tests, on the basis of x-ray analyses of their clay minerals.

Mixtures of 92 percent foundry sand and 8 percent clay were made and mixed with varying amounts of water. The tests were then run in a manner described in the "Foundry Sand Handbook" (American Foundrymen's Society, 1952). The green compression strength of each sample tested, in pounds per square inch (GCS psi), is listed in the following tables under "Bonding properties." It is the maximum green strength developed by the clay at its optimum water content.

Suggested Uses

Many clay deposits may be satisfactory for use in more than one variety of fired clay product. Some types of clay products require clay with specific physical properties, but others can be made from several types of clay. Refractories made from underclays, for instance, can be made only from clays with a high kaolinite content, whereas the latitude of properties of clays used in stoneware is somewhat less restricted. Structural clay products, sewer pipe, and drain tile can be made from a wider variety of clays than either of the first two categories, and the requirements for flower pot clay are the least stringent. The sequence, then, running from products that demand clay having specific properties to products that can use clay of several types is (1) refractories, (2) stoneware, (3) structural clay products, sewer pipe, and drain tile, and (4) flower pots.

In the following tables under "Suggested uses" for each clay, the product listed first is the one highest in this sequence. The samples also may be acceptable for products (listed next) that are found lower in the sequence, but may not be satisfactory for use in products found higher in the sequence.

Lightweight aggregate and bonding clay are not included in the above list of products but are listed in the following tables for samples suitable for such use. All of the underclays tested are suitable for some form of art pottery (Jonas, 1957).

Results of all tests made during this investigation appear in the following tables.

RESULTS OF TESTS

ROCK ISLAND COUNTY

SAMPLE 1593

 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 28, T. 17 N., R. 1 W.$

Thickness:	Ft.	In.
------------	-----	-----

2				
Overburden			Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	57		Water of plasticity, percent	16.9
Rock Island (No. 1) Coal	2	6	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.5
Underclay (sample 1593)	2	6		
Shale				

The underclay is in the lower part of the Spoon Formation.

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	1.2	5.5	5.0
Total linear shrinkage, percent	4.7	9.0	8.5
Fired color	Cream	Tan	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Bloating started at 2200 °F. Bonding properties: 4.70 (GCS psi); 1.50 (Optimum H_20).

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1594

$SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ sec. 31, T. 17 N., R. 1 W.

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	100		Water of plasticity, percent	17.4
Coal	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.0
Underclay (sample 1594)	1	8+		
Dane accessed				

The underclay is in the middle part of the Abbott Formation.

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	0.0	5.0	5.7
Total linear shrinkage, percent	3.0	8.0	8.7
Fired color	Salmon	Salmon	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Has rough edges at all firing temperatures. Bloating started at 2200°F.

Overburden

Overburden

SAMPLE 1595

 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 14, T. 17 N., R. 2 W.$

Ft. In. Extrusion properties

Fair

Fair

Overlying rocks	79		Water of pla	asticity, percent	20.2
Coal	1		Linear dryin	ng shrinkage, perce	nt 3.0
Underclay (sample 1595)					
(lower [?] part of					
Spoon Formation)	2	6			
Shale					
Firing temperature			1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percen	t		1.4	6.7	5.0
Total linear shrinkage, percent			4.4	9.7	8.0
Fired color			Salmon	Salmon	Brown

Surface texture of fired test bar: Has rough edges at all firing temperatures. Bloating started at 2200°F.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1596

Ft. In.

 $NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ sec. 25, T. 17 N., R. 1 W.

Extrusion properties

Overlying rocks	55			of plasticity, perc	
Coal		10	Linear	drying shrinkage,	percent 3.5
Underclay (sample 1596) (lower	t				
part of Spoon Formation)	5				
Sandstone					
Firing temperature			1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percen	t		1.2	5.0	6.7
Total linear shrinkage, percent			4.7	8.5	10.2
Fired color		8	Salmon	Salmon	Brown

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Bonding properties: 6.46 (GCS psi); 1.70 (Optimum H_20).

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1597

 $SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}sec. 25, T. 17 N., R. 1 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion pro	perties	Good
Overlying rocks	55		Water of plas	sticity, perce	ent 22.9
Coaly shale		8	Linear drying	shrinkage,	percent 3.5
Underclay (sample 1597) (lower					
part of Spoon Formation)	7				
Coaly seam	1	6			
Firing temperature		18	32°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	:	0	.9	4.7	7.9
Total linear shrinkage, percent		4	.4	8.2	11.4
Fired color		Sa.	lmon	Salmon	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Bonding properties: 3.85 (GCS psi); 1.45 (Optimum H_20).

SAMPLE 1598 $SW_{\frac{1}{4}} SE_{\frac{1}{4}} NE_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 25, T. 17 N., R. 1 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Fair
Overlying rocks	65		Water of plasticity, percent	17.9
Coaly seam	1	6	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	2.5
Underclay (sample 1598)				

(upper [?] part of
Abbott Formation)

2+ (exposed)

Shale

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	22 0 0°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	0.2	2.6	7.7
Total linear shrinkage, percent	2.7	5.1	10.2
Fired color	Salmon	Salmon	Brown

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Bonding properties: 3.25 (GCS psi); 1.50 (Optimum H₂0).

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1599 $SE_{\frac{1}{4}} NE_{\frac{1}{4}} SE_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 5, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	27		Water of plasticity, percent	13.7
Ironstone nodules		6	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.5
Underclay (sample 1599)				
(upper [?] part of				
Abbott Formation)	10+	(expos	ed)	

Sandstone

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	0.3	2.5	3.4
Total linear shrinkage, percent	3.8	6.0	6.9
Fired color	Buff	Buff	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1600 $SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 5, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	25		Water of plasticity, percent	14.0
Coaly ironstone shale	1		Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.0
Underclay (sample 1600)				

(upper [?] part of

Abbott Formation) 0-10

Shale

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	0.2	1.7	3.1
Total linear shrinkage, percent	3.2	4.7	6.1
Fired color	Salmon	Salmon	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Bonding properties: 2.32 (GCS psi); 1.40 (Optimum H₂0).

Overburden

SAMPLE 1601 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 4, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.$

Ft. In. Extrusion properties

Fair

Overlying rocks	60	2		•	ticity, perc		16.4
Coal streak Underclay (sample 1601) (lower part of Spoon Formation) Silty shale		3	Linear	arying	shrinkage,	percent	3.0
Firing temperature Linear firing shrinkage, percent Total linear shrinkage, percent Fired color	:	(332°F).7 3.7 lmon		2012°F 2.9 5.9 Salmon	2	2200°F 4.8 7.0 Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Bonding properties: 3.12 (GCS psi); 2.14 (Optimum H₂0).

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1602 $SW_{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}$ sec. 8, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.

Overburden	rt. in.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	60	Water of plasticity, percent	15.9
Underclay (sample 1602)		Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.5
(lower [?] part of			
Spoon Formation)	2+ (expos	sed)	
Base covered			

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	1.2	3.4	4.1
Total linear shrinkage, percent	4.7	6.9	7.6
Fired color	Salmon	Salmon	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Bonding properties: 4.18 (GCS psi); 1.33 (Optimum H₂0).

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1603 SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 9, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Fair
Overlying rocks	40		Water of plasticity, percent	20.0
Coal	1		Linear drying shrinkage, percent	4.0

Underclay (sample 1603) (lower

part of Spoon Formation) 2+ (exposed)

Base covered

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	0.9	5.0	+0.5
Total linear shrinkage, percent	4.9	9.0	3.5
Fired color	Salmon	Brown	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Bloating started at 2200°F.

Suggested uses: Lightweight aggregate, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

$SE_{\frac{1}{4}} NW_{\frac{1}{4}} NW_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 9, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	45		Water of plasticity, percent	18.3
Coal		7	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.0
Underclay (sample 1604) (lower				

part of Spoon Formation) 1 6+ (exposed)

Base covered

Shale

Fired color

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	0.3	3.4	5.5
Total linear shrinkage, percent	3.3	6.4	8.5
Fired color	Buff	Buff	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Bonding properties: 3.70 (GCS psi); 1.45 (Optimum H₂0).

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1605

$NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}sec. 9, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	80		Water of plasticity, percent	22.2
Rock Island (No. 1) Coal	1	8	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.0
Underclay (sample 1605) (lower				
part of Spoon Formation)	6			

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	0.7	7.4	3.3
Total linear shrinkage, percent	3.7	10.4	6.3
Fired color	Salmon	Brick red	Brown

Surface texture of fired test bar: Bloating started at 2200°F.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1606

$NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}sec. 26, T. 17 N., R. 4 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion	properties	Good
Overlying rocks	33		Water of	plasticity, percent	18.3
Coal		11	Linear dr	ying shrinkage, percent	4.0
Underclay (sample 1606) Shale	3				
Firing temperature		1	832°F	2012°F 2	200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent			0.7	4.3	5.1
Total linear shrinkage, percent			4.7	8.3	9.1

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

Buff

Buff

Tan

SAMPLE 1607 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 26$, T. 17 N., R. 4 W.

Overburden Overlying rocks Thin coal streak Underclay (sample 1607) Shale	Ft. 18	In. 7	_	properties lasticity, percent ing shrinkage, pe	
Firing temperature Linear firing shrinkage, percent Total linear shrinkage, percent Fired color			832°F 0.2 3.7 Cream	2012°F 1.6 5.1 Cream	2200°F 3.3 6.8 Buff

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Bonding properties: 3.10 (GCS psi); 1.50 (Optimum H_20).

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1608 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 35$, T. 17 N., R. 4 W.

Overburden Overlying rocks Coal Underclay (sample 1608) Black shale	Ft. 40	In. 5 6	•	properties plasticity, perce ing shrinkage, p	
Firing temperature Linear firing shrinkage, percent Total linear shrinkage, percent		1	832°F 1.0 7.0	2012°F 4.2 10.2	2200°F 6.3 11.3
Fired color			Pink	Tan	Greenish tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Bonding properties: 5.90 (GCS psi); 2.20 (Optimum H₂0).

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1609 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 35, T. 17 N., R. 4 W.$

Overburden Overlying rocks Coaly streak	Ft. 27	In.	Extrusion Water of p Linear dry	Good 17.6 ent 4.5	
Underclay (sample 1609) Coal	11	5			
Firing temperature			1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percen	t		0.8	2.2	3.3
Total linear shrinkage, percent			5.3	6.7	7.8
Fired color			Cream	Cream	Cream

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Ft. In. Extrusion properties

Good

SAMPLE 1610

 $NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ sec. 34, T. 17 N., R. 1 W.

- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Overlying rocks	8		Water of	f plasticity, perc	ent 20.8
Coal		9	Linear d	rying shrinkage,	percent 4.0
Underclay (sample 1610)					
(middle [?] part of					
Spoon Formation)	1	6			
Shale					
Firing temperature		1	832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent			0.9	3.7	7.6
Total linear shrinkage, percent			4.9	7.7	11.6
Fired color		S	almon	Brick red	Brown

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Overburden

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1612

 $SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 32, T. 17 N., R. 1 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	10-40		Water of plasticity, percent	15.7
Shaly coal		10	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.0
Underclay (sample 1612)	2+	(expos	ed)	
Base covered				

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	+0.5	0.2	2.1
Total linear shrinkage, percent	2.5	3.2	5.1
Fired color	Cream	Cream	Buff

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Bonding properties: 2.15 (GCS psi); 1.16 (Optimum H₂0).

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1613

Center of E section line, sec. 11, T. 17 N., R. 1 W.

Overburden Overlying rocks	Ft. 40	In.	Extrusion Water of r	properties plasticity, percent	Fair 19.3
Coal		8		ing shrinkage, perc	
Underclay (sample 1613) Shale	3	4			
Firing temperature		1	832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percen	it		1.2	4.5	5.2
Total linear shrinkage, percent	:		5.2	8.5	9.2
Fired color		S	almon	Brick red	Brown

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Overburden

Overburden

SAMPLE 1614 SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 29, T. 17 N., R. 3 W.

Ft. In. Extrusion properties

Fair

Good

Overlying rocks	40		Water o	of plasticity, perc	ent 18.8
Coal		5	Linear o	drying shrinkage,	percent 4.5
Underclay (sample 1614) (midd	lle				
part of Abbott Formation)	3	9			
Shale					
Firing temperature		1	832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, perce	nt		1.9	6.3	5.1
Total linear shrinkage, percen	t		6.4	10.8	9.6
Fired color		Sa	almon	Brown	Brown

Surface texture of fired test bar: Bloating started at 2200°F. Bonding properties: 5.55 (GCS psi); 1.80 (Optimum H_20).

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1615 $NW_{\frac{1}{4}} NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 21, T. 16 N., R. 4 W.$

Ft. In. Extrusion properties

Overlying rocks	16		cent 16.8		
Coal	1	2	Linear	drying shrinkage,	percent 3.5
Underclay (sample 1615) Shale	4	2			
Firing temperature			1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percen	t		0.9	3.8	5.5
Total linear shrinkage, percent			4.4	7.2	9.0
Fired color			Buff	Buff	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1616 $NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ sec. 27, T. 16 N., R. 5 W.

Rocks dipping 30° to 35°	Extrus	ion properties	Good
to N.E.	Water	of plasticity, percent	13.9
Coal	9 Linear	drying shrinkage, perce	ent 3.0
Underclay (sample 1616) 13 Shale			
Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	+0.5	1.0	3.4
Total linear shrinkage, percent	2.5	4.0	7.4
Fired color	Cream	Buff	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

 $SE_{\frac{1}{4}} SE_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 30, T. 17 N., R. 3 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	16		Water of plasticity, percent	15.7
Coal		10	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	4.5
Underclay (sample 1617)	1+ (exposed)			
Sandstone?				

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	1.1	4.3	2.1
Total linear shrinkage, percent	5.6	8.8	6.6
Fired color	Salmon	Brick red	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Bloating started at 2200°F.

Suggested uses: Lightweight aggregate, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1618

 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}} NW_{\frac{1}{4}} NE_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 36, T. 17 N., R. 4 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	55		Water of plasticity, percent	19.3
Sandstone	1	7	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.5
Underclay (sample 1618) (low	er			

part of Spoon Formation) 3 8+ (exposed)

Base covered

Fired color

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	0.0	1.0	3.1
Total linear shrinkage, percent	3.5	4.5	6.6
Fired color	Cream	Cream	Buff

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Bonding properties: 3.33 (GCS psi); 1.33 (Optimum H₂0).

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1619

 $SE_{\frac{1}{4}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}sec. 36, T. 17 N., R. 4 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion	properties	Good
Overlying rocks	22		Water of p	plasticity, percen	it 25.9
Shaly limestone	3		Linear dry	ring shrinkage, pe	ercent 6.5
Underclay (sample 1619)(middl	е				
part of Spoon Formation)	3	7			
Coal		4			
Firing temperature]	.832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percen	it		3.8	7.1	
Total linear shrinkage, percent	:]	10.3	13.6	

Brick red

Brick red

Surface texture of fired test bar: Bloating started at 2012°F.

Bonding properties: 9.50 (GCS psi); 1.85 (Optimum H₂0).

Suggested uses: Bonding clay, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

 $SE_{\frac{1}{4}} NE_{\frac{1}{4}} SE_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 36, T. 17 N., R. 4 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	30		Water of plasticity, percent	16.6
Coal		4	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	4.0
Underclay (sample 1620) (middl	le			
		,		

part of Spoon Formation) 3+ (exposed)

Base covered

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	0.9	4.7	5.9
Total linear shrinkage, percent	4.9	8.7	9.9
Fired color	Salmon	Salmon	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1621

 $NW_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 30, T. 17 N., R. 3 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion prop	erties	Good
Overlying rocks	50		Water of plast	icity, percent	17.3
Coal		1	Linear drying	shrinkage, percer	nt 4.0
Underclay (sample 1621)					
(lower [?] part of Spoon					
Formation)	3				
Sandstone					
Firing temperature		1	832°F	2012°F	2200°F

Firing temperature 1832°F 2012°F 2200°F Linear firing shrinkage, percent 1.2 6.1 2.4 Total linear shrinkage, percent 5.2 10.1 6.4 Fired color Salmon Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Bloating started at 2200°F.

Suggested uses: Lightweight aggregate, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1622

 $SW_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 30, T. 17 N., R. 3 W.$

Overburden Overlying rocks	Ft. 19		Extrusion prop Water of plas		ent	Fair 15.0
Coal	1		Linear drying			2.5
Underclay (sample 1622) (lower[?] part of						
Spoon Formation) Base covered	2	8 + (exp	oosed)			
Firing temperature		183	2°F	2012°F	2	200°F

Linear firing shrinkage, percent 0.2 2.7 5.1
Total linear shrinkage, percent 2.7 5.2 7.6
Fired color Cream Buff Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

SAMPLE 1623 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 35, T. 17 N., R. 4 W.$

Overburden Overlying rocks Shale Underclay (sample 1623) (Abbott [?] Formation) Sandy shale	Ft. 55	In.	Water of p	properties plasticity, percen ing shrinkage, pe	
Firing temperature Linear firing shrinkage, percent Total linear shrinkage, percent Fired color			1832°F 0.7 3.7 Cream	2012°F 4.1 7.1 Cream	2200°F 5.5 8.5 Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1624 $NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 29, T. 17 N., R. 3 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion	properties	Good
Overlying rocks	70		Water of	plasticity, percent	14.6
Shale	5		Linear dry	ying shrinkage, perce	nt 3.0
Underclay (sample 1624) (mid	dle				
part of Abbott Formation) 4				
Sandstone					
Firing temperature		13	832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, perce	ent	1	0.5	4.0	5.7
Total linear shrinkage, percen	nt		3.5	7.0	8.7
Fired color		E	Buff	Buff	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1625 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 4, T. 16 N., R. 3 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	27		Water of plasticity, percent	24.3
Coal		2-3	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	6.5
Underclay (sample 1625) (midd	lle			
part of Spoon Formation)	2	7+ (avnosed)	

part of Spoon Formation) 2 Base covered

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	4.3	4.6	
Total linear shrinkage, percent	10.8	11.1	
Fired color	Brick red	Brick red	

Surface texture of fired test bar: Bloating started at 2012°F. Bonding properties: 8.22 (GCS psi); 1.90 (Optimum H₂0). Suggested uses: Bonding clay, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1626 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}} NW_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 4$, T. 16 N., R. 3 W.

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusio	on properties	Good
Overlying rocks	24		Water o	f plasticity, percent	24.2
Shale	1		Linear d	lrying shrinkage, percen	t 6.0
Underclay (sample 1626) (midd	le				
part of Spoon Formation)	2				
Coal		2-3			
Firing temperature		:	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percen	t		2.5	3.9	
Total linear shrinkage, percent			8.5	9.9	
Fired color		В	rick red	Brick red	

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight bloating at 2012°F.

Bonding properties: 8.52 (GCS psi); 1.90 (Optimum H₂0).

Suggested uses: Bonding clay, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1627 $NW_{\frac{1}{4}} SE_{\frac{1}{4}} SE_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 32, T. 17 N., R. 3 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	90		Water of plasticity, percent	18.9
Organic shale		9	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.5
II. demales (1- 1007) / 111				

Underclay (sample 1627) (middle

Total linear shrinkage, percent

Fired color

part of Abbott Formation) 2+ (exposed)

Base covered

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	+0.2	3.6	6.4
Total linear shrinkage, percent	3.3	7.1	9.9
Fired color	Buff	Salmon	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Iron discoloration on top surface at all firing temperatures.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1628 $SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 32, T. 17 N., R. 3 W.$

Overburden Overlying rocks	Ft. 90	In.		n properties f plasticity, perc	ent	Good 19.1
Organic clay shale	2	4		rying shrinkage,		4.5
Underclay (sample 1628) (mide part of Abbott Formation Black shale		8				
Firing temperature Linear firing shrinkage, perce	nt	_	832°F 1.0	2012°F 6.4		200°F

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight bloating at 2200°F.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

5.5

Salmon

11.0

Brick red

10.1

Brown

Ft. In. Extrusion properties

Good

SAMPLE 1629

$NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 9, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.$

Overlying rocks	50		Water of pla	sticity, perc	ent l	3.8
Black fissile shale		6	Linear dryin	g shrinkage,	percent	3.0
Underclay (sample 1629) (lower						
part of Spoon Formation)	3	6				
Shale						
Firing temperature		1	.832°F	2012°F	2200)°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	:	+	0.3	2.2	5.5	5
Total linear shrinkage, percent			2.7	5.2	8.5	5
Fired color		S	almon	Salmon	Tar	า

Surface texture of fired test bar: Iron discoloration on top surface at all firing temperatures.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1630

$NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 9, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	80		Water of plasticity, percent	17.4
Black shale		5	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	2.0
Underclay (sample 1630) (lower				
part of Spoon Formation)	4	2+ (exposed)	
Base covered				

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	0.2	4.3	6.8
Total linear shrinkage, percent	2.2	6.3	8.8
Fired color	Salmon	Brick red	Brown

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight bloating at 2200°F.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1631

$SE_{\frac{1}{4}} SE_{\frac{1}{4}} NW_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 32, T. 17 N., R. 3 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Fair
Overlying rocks	120		Water of plasticity, percent	15.8
Black shale	6+		Linear drying shrinkage, percent	2.0
Underclay (sample 1631) (lower	er			
1 (0 7 -11)	7	71 /		

part of Spoon Formation) 7 7+ (exposed)

Base covered

Overburden

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	0.7	4.4	5.8
Total linear shrinkage, percent	2.7	6.4	7.8
Fired color	Buff	Salmon	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Overburden

Fired color

SAMPLE 1632

$NE_{\frac{1}{4}} NE_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 25$, T. 17 N., R. 4 W.

Ft. In. Extrusion properties

Good

Brown

Overlying rocks Coaly shale	25 8		plasticity, perc ying shrinkage,		18.5
Underclay (sample 1632) (middle part of Abbott Formation) Shale			. 3		
Firing temperature Linear firing shrinkage, percent Total linear shrinkage, percent	:	1832°F 1.4 5.9	2012°F 4.4 8.9	2	200°F 4.0 8.5

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight bloating at 2200°F.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

Salmon

Brick red

SAMPLE 1633

$SW_{\frac{1}{4}} NW_{\frac{1}{4}} NE_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 5, T. 16 N., R. 3 W.$

Overburden Overlying rocks Coal Underclay (sample 1633) (midd	Ft. 65	In.	Water of	properties plasticity, percent ying shrinkage, per	Good 26.2 cent 5.5
part of Spoon Formation) Shale		2			
Firing temperature			1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percen	nt		0.2	4.9	+0.4
Total linear shrinkage, percen	t		5.7	10.4	5.1
Fired color			Salmon	Brown	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Bloating started at 2200°F. Bonding properties: 7.04 (GCS psi); 1.80 (Optimum H₂0).

Suggested uses: Bonding clay, lightweight aggregate, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1634

$NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}sec.$ 31, T. 17 N., R. 3 W.

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	40		Water of plasticity, percent	15.3
Shale			Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.5
Underclay (sample 1634) (lower				
part of Spoon Formation)	7	6+ (e	xposed)	

Base covered

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	0.0	1.9	4.0
Total linear shrinkage, percent	3.5	5.4	7.5
Fired color	Buff	Salmon	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Ft. In. Extrusion properties

Fair

Good

4.8

9.8

Buff

SAMPLE-1635

$NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}sec.$ 31, T. 17 N., R. 3 W.

Overlying rocks	80	Water of plas	ticity, perc	ent 12.8
Sandstone Underclay (sample 1635) (upper		Linear drying	shrinkage,	percent 2.0
part of Abbott Formation) Shale	3			
Firing temperature		1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percen	t	0.0	1.0	1.5
Total linear shrinkage, percent		2.0	3.0	3.5
Fired color		Cream	Salmon	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Small blisters on surface at 2012°F.

Overburden

Overburden

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1636

$NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}sec. 30, T. 17 N., R. 1 W.$

Ft. In. Extrusion properties

Overlying rocks	65 V	later of plas	ticity, perc	ent	22.5
Glacial till	L	inear drying	shrinkage,	percent	4.5
Shale (sample 1636) (lower					
part of Abbott Formation)	10				
Sandstone					
Firing temperature	1832	°F	2012°F	2	200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	1.2	_	7.0	_	
Total linear shrinkage, percent	5.7	,	11.5		
Fired color	Salm	on	Brick red		

Surface texture of fired test bar: Surface blistered at 2012°F.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1669

$SE_{\frac{1}{4}} NW_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 25$, T. 17 N., R. 4 W.

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion	properties	Fair
Overlying rocks	40		Water of p	lasticity, percent	20.6
Coal	1		Linear dry	ing shrinkage, perd	cent 5.0
Underclay (sample 1669) (mi part of Abbott Formatio Green clay band		6			
Firing temperature		1	832°F	2012°F	2200°F

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Linear firing shrinkage, percent Total linear shrinkage, percent

Fired color

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

2.3

7.3

Salmon

4.8

9.8

Tan

 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 25$, T. 17 N., R. 4 W.

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Fair
Overlying rocks	70		Water of plasticity, percent	15.1
Coal		1	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.5

Underclay (sample 1670) (upper

part of Abbott Formation) 3+ (exposed)

Base covered

Overburden

Fired color

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	2.0	4.4	4.5
Total linear shrinkage, percent	5.5	7.9	8.0
Fired color	Cream	Tan	Greenish tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Surface scumming at 2012°F.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1671

 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}sec. 2, T. 16 N., R. 5 W.$

Overlying rocks	78	Water of	nt 19.5	
Coal	2	Linear dry	ving shrinkage, p	percent 4.0
Underclay (sample 1671) Shale	3			
Firing temperature		1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, perce	ent	4.2	5.3	6.0
Total linear shrinkage, percen	nt	7.0	9.4	10.3
Fired color		Salmon	Buff	Greenish tan

Ft. In. Extrusion properties

Good

Brick red

Surface texture of fired test bar: Pock-marked by pyrite at all firing temperatures. Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots.

SAMPLE 1672

 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}} NW_{\frac{1}{4}} SE_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 2, T. 16 N., R. 5 W.$

Overburden Overlying rocks Coal	Ft. 100	In.	-	roperties asticity, percent ng shrinkage, per		Good 15.5 3.5
Underclay (sample 1672) (middle [?] part of Abbott Formation)	4+	(expos	ed)			
Base covered		` •				
Firing temperature		18	32°F	2012°F	2	200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, perce	nt	1	.1	2.6		2.9
Total linear shrinkage, percen	t	4	.6	6.1		6.4

Surface texture of fired test bar: Surface scum at all firing temperatures. Slight warping at 2200°F. Pyrite pockmarks at 2200°F.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

Salmon

Brick red

 $SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}sec. 2, T. 16 N., R. 5 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	150		Water of plasticity, percent	17.8
Coal		10	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.5

Underclay (sample 1673) (lower

part of Abbott Formation) 4+ (exposed)

Base covered

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	1.1	3.6	6.0
Total linear shrinkage, percent	4.6	7.1	9.5
Fired color	Buff	Salmon	Brown

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1674

 $SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}sec.$ 3, T. 16 N., R. 5 W.

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	60		Water of plasticity, percent	20.0
Coal	1		Linear drying shrinkage, percent	4.5
Underglay (sample 1674)				

Underclay (sample 1674)

(middle [?] part of Abbott Formation) 1-5

Sandstone

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Titing temperature	1032 1	2012 1	2200 1
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	2.1	5.5	5.7
Total linear shrinkage, percent	6.6	10.0	10.2
Fired color	Salmon	Brick red	Brown

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1675

 $NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ sec. 11, T. 16 N., R. 5 W.

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	80		Water of plasticity, percent	17.5
Ironstone nodular layer	1		Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.5
Underglass (cample 1675) (uppe	~			

Underclay (sample 1675) (upper

part of Abbott Formation) 3 6+ (exposed)

Base covered

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	1.5	3.5	5.1
Total linear shrinkage, percent	5.0	7.0	8.6
Fired color	Buff	Buff	Greenish tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

SAMPLE 1679 $SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 6, T. 16 N., R. 4 W.$

Ft.	In.	Extrusion pro	perties		Good
100		Water of plas	ticity, perc	ent	18.1
2		Linear drying	shrinkage,	percent	4.5
5					
	1	832°F	2012°F	22	200°F
ent		0.5	3.6	;	5.8
nt		5.0	8.1	10	0.3
		Buff	Buff	Gre	enish tan
	100	100 2 5	100 Water of plas 2 Linear drying 5 1832°F ent 0.5	Water of plasticity, perconductive 2 Linear drying shrinkage, 5 1832°F 2012°F ent 0.5 3.6 nt 5.0 8.1	100 Water of plasticity, percent 2 Linear drying shrinkage, percent 5 1832°F 2012°F 2012°F 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 201

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1680 SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 6, T. 16 N., R. 4 W.

Overburden Ft. In. Extrusion properties Good
Overlying rocks 90 Water of plasticity, percent 19.0
Coal streak Linear drying shrinkage, percent 4.0

Underclay (sample 1680) 3+ (exposed)

Base covered

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	1.4	3.1	4.3
Total linear shrinkage, percent	5.4	7.1	8.3
Fired color	Pink	Buff	Greenish tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight warping at all firing temperatures. Suggested uses: Drain tile, flower pots.

SAMPLE 1681

$NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}sec. 11, T. 16 N., R. 5 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion pro	perties		Good
Overlying rocks	75		Water of plas	sticity, perc	ent	18.8
Black shale	1	6	Linear drying	shrinkage,	percent	3.5
Underclay (sample 1681)						
(upper [?] part of Abbott						
Formation)	6					
Coal		1				
Firing temperature		1	832°F	2012°F	2:	200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percen-	t		1.9	4.0		5.6
Total linear shrinkage, percent			5.4	7.5	!	9.1
Fired color		1	Buff	Buff	Gre	enish tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight surface scum at 2012°F.

$NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$	sec.	11,	Τ.	16	Ν.,	R.	5	W.
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Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	7 5		Water of plasticity, percent	18.2
Coal	1	5	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	4.0
Underclay (sample 1682)				

(lower [?] part of

3+ (exposed) Spoon Formation)

Base covered

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	1.3	3.6	4.6
Total linear shrinkage, percent	5.3	7.6	8.6
Fired color	Cream	Cream	Cream

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight surface scum at 2012°F.

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1684

$SE_{\frac{1}{4}} NE_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 28, T. 17 N., R. 3 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	60		Water of plasticity, percent	14.5
Ironstone nodular layer		6	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.5
Underclay (sample 1684)				
(middle [2] part of				

(middle [?] part of

5+ (exposed) Abbott Formation)

Base covered

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	0.7	1.7	4.1
Total linear shrinkage, percent	4.1	5.2	7.6
Fired color	Cream	Buff	Greenish tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1685

$SE_{\frac{1}{4}} NE_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 1, T. 16 N., R. 5 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Fair
Overlying rocks	100		Water of plasticity, percent	24.8
Ironstone nodular layer		6	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.5
Underclay (sample 1685)				

(middle [?] part of Abbott

Formation) 3

Shale

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	3.0	6.1	6.5
Total linear shrinkage, percent	6.5	9.6	10.0
Fired color	Salmon	Brick red	Brown

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight bloating started at 2200°F.

SAMPLE 1686 $SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}sec. 6, T. 16 N., R. 4 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion	properties		Good
Overlying rocks	6		Water of p	plasticity, perce	ent	23.0
Coal		6	Linear dry	ing shrinkage,	percent	4.5
Underclay (sample 1686)	3					
Coal		2				
Firing temperature		1	832°F	2012°F	22	200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent			4.1	7.2	6	5.1
Total linear shrinkage, percent			8.6	11.7	10	0.6
Fired color		Sa	almon	Brick red	Bri	ck red

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight surface scum at 1832°F and 2012°F. Slight bloating at 2200°F.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1687

 $SW_{\frac{1}{4}} NE_{\frac{1}{4}} NE_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 6, T. 16 N., R. 4 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	10		Water of plasticity, percent	21.0
Coal		2	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	4.5
Underclay (sample 1687)	2+	(expos	ed)	
Rase covered				

Base covered

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	3.1	5.4	5.3
Total linear shrinkage, percent	7.0	10.0	10.1
Fired color	Salmon	Tan	Greenish tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1688

 $NW_{\frac{1}{4}} NW_{\frac{1}{4}} NW_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 8, T. 16 N., R. 4 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion	properties	Poor
Overlying rocks	90		Water of	plasticity, percent	13.7
Coal	1		Linear dry	ving shrinkage, per	cent 3.5
Underclay (sample 1688) Sandstone	3	10			
Firing temperature		1	832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percen	it		0.1	1.7	2.9
Total linear shrinkage, percent	:		3.6	5.2	6.4
Fired color		S	almon	Salmon	Buff

Surface texture of fired test bar: Lime pits at 2200°F.

Bonding properties: 4.10 (GCS psi); 1.30 (Optimum H_20).

 $NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ sec. 8, T. 16 N., R. 4 W.

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion p	properties	Good
Overlying rocks	50		Water of pl	lasticity, percent	17.5
Sandstone			Linear dryi	ng shrinkage, perc	ent 4.0
Underclay (sample 1689) Shale	2	6			
Firing temperature		1	832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percen	t		0.6	2.1	4.1
Total linear shrinkage, percent	:		4.6	6.1	8.1
Fired color			Pink	Cream	Cream

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1708

 $NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}sec.$ 32, T. 17 N., R. 4 W.

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Fair
Overlying rocks	100		Water of plasticity, percent	17.0
Coal streak		1/4	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.5
Underclay (sample 1708)	1	6+ (exposed)	
Rase covered				

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	2.5	3.5	5.1
Total linear shrinkage, percent	6.0	7.0	8.6
Fired color	Cream	Buff	Greenish tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Fired color

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1709

 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 28, T. 17 N., R. 3 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Fair
Overlying rocks	50		Water of plasticity, percent	15.5
Coal		8	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	4.0
Underclay (sample 1709)	1	6+ (exposed)	
Base covered				

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	1.8	3.4	4.8
Total linear shrinkage, percent	5.0	8.0	7.8

Salmon

Brick red

Red brown

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight surface scum at 1832°F and 2012°F.
Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

MERCER COUNTY

SAMPLE 1581 $SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}} NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 23, T. 14 N., R. 2 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	20	6	Water of plasticity, percent	18.0
Colchester (No. 2) Coal	1	4	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.5
Underclay (sample 1581) (upper				
part of Spoon Formation)	3			
Silty shale				
Firing temperature			1832°F 2012°F 2	2200°F

+0.2

3.3

1.7

5.2

Extrusion properties

Water of plasticity, percent

Brick red

3.1

6.6

Fair

18.5

Brick red

Fired color Pink Tan Brick red Surface texture of fired test bar: Iron discoloration on top surface at all firing temperatures.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1706 $SE_{\frac{1}{4}} NE_{\frac{1}{4}} NW_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 32, T. 14 N., R. 2 W.$

Ft. In.

39

Rock Island (No. 1) Coal Underclay (sample 1706) (lower part of Spoon Formation) Sandstone	2	6 Linear di	rying shrinkage, pe	rcent 3.5
Firing temperature		1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent		1.7	5.3	6.7
Total linear shrinkage, percent		5.2	8.8	10.2

Surface texture of fired test bar: Surface scum at 2012°F and 2200°F. Iron discoloration on top surface at 2200°F.

Salmon

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1707 $NW_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} SE_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 5, T. 14 N., R. 2 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Fair
Overlying rocks	36		Water of plasticity, percent	18.0
Rock Island (No. 1) Coal	3	6	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.0
Underclay (sample 1707) (lower				
part of Spoon Formation)	4+	(expos	sed)	

Linear firing shrinkage, percent

Total linear shrinkage, percent

Overlying rocks

Base covered

Overburden

Fired color

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	1.6	5.8	6.1
Total linear shrinkage, percent	4.6	8.8	9.1
Fired color	Salmon	Salmon	Brown

Surface texture of fired test bar: Iron discoloration on top surface at all firing temperatures. Slight bloating at 2200°F.

SAMPLE 1710 $SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 33, T. 14 N., R. 2 W.$

Overburden Overlying rocks Rock Island (No. 1) Coal Underclay (sample 1710) (lower part of Spoon Formation) Black shale	Ft. 7	In. 4		properties lasticity, percen ing shrinkage, pe	
Firing temperature Linear firing shrinkage, percent Total linear shrinkage, percent Fired color		0	332°F 1.2 1.7 ream	2012°F 2.2 6.7 Cream	2200°F 3.8 8.3 Cream

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Overburden

Fired color

Bonding properties: 3.56 (GCS psi); 1.40 (Optimum H₂0).

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1711 $SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 1, T. 13 N., R. 2 W.$

Overlying rocks	60		Water of plasticity, percent	21.8
Colchester (No. 2) Coal	1	6	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	6.5
Underclay (sample 1711) (upper				
part of Spoon Formation)	2+ (expose	ed)	
Base covered				
That are Array and Array		1.0	2200 201200 21	200°E

Ft. In. Extrusion properties

Good

Greenish tan

1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
0.7	3.5	2.6
7.2	10.0	9.1
Cream	Cream	Cream
	0.7 7.2	0.7 3.5 7.2 10.0

Surface texture of fired test bar: Few dark pyrite spots on surfaces.

Bonding properties: 6.15 (GCS psi); 1.62 (Optimum H₂0).

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1712 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}sec. 5, T. 13 N., R. 2 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In. Extru	ision properties	Poor
Overlying rocks	25	Wate	er of plasticity, percent	t 20.0
Coal	2	Linea	ar drying shrinkage, pe	rcent 4.5
Underclay (sample 1712) (upper	ſ			
part of Abbott Formation)	3			
Silty shale				
Firing temperature		1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percen	t	2.0	5.0	5.5
Total linear shrinkage, percent		6.5	9.5	10.0

Salmon

Salmon

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight warping at all firing temperatures. Suggested uses: Drain tile, flower pots.

Fired color

SAMPLE 1713

 $SE_{\frac{1}{4}} NW_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 33, T. 15 N., R. 3 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion pro	perties	Good
Overlying rocks	50		Water of plas	sticity, perc	ent 16.5
Sandstone	1	6	Linear drying	shrinkage,	percent 3.3
Underclay (sample 1713)					
(lower [?] part of Spoon					
Formation)	3				
Coal streak		$3\frac{1}{2}$			
Firing temperature		1	832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percen	t		0.0	1.7	2.0
Total linear shrinkage, percent			3.3	5.0	5.3
Fired color		С	ream	Cream	Cream

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Bonding properties: 3.30 (GCS psi); 1.17 (Optimum H₂0).

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1714

 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}} NW_{\frac{1}{4}} SE_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 35, T. 15 N., R. 3 W.$

Overburden Overlying rocks	Ft. 13	In.	Extrusion :	properties lasticity, percen	Good t 22.4
Coal streak Underclay (sample 1714)	10	2	_	ing shrinkage, pe	
(lower [?] part of Spoon					
Formation)	3	6			
Coal streak		$\frac{1}{4}$			
Firing temperature		1	832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percen	t		1.8	5.5	6.0
Total linear shrinkage, percent			6.3	10.0	10.5
Fired color		1	Pink	Buff	Greenish tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1715

 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 35, T. 15 N., R. 3 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion	properties	Fair
Overlying rocks	17		Water of	plasticity, percent	17.3
Coal streak		1/4	Linear dry	ving shrinkage, per	cent 3.0
Underclay (sample 1715)		-			
(lower [?] part of Spoon					
Formation)	4	6			
Sandstone					
Firing temperature			1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percen	t		1.6	4.0	5.3
Total linear shrinkage, percent			4.6	7.0	8.3

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

Pink

Buff

Cream

 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}sec.$ 35, T. 15 N., R. 3 W.

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	22		Water of plasticity, percent	16.5
Sandstone		6	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.5
Underclay (sample 1716)				
(lower [?] part of Spoon				
Formation)	4	,		
Chala				

Shale

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	1.2	3.2	4.3
Total linear shrinkage, percent	4.7	6.7	7.8
Fired color	Pink	Cream	Buff

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1717 $SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 32, T. 14 N., R. 2 W.$

Overburden	rt.	ın.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	70		Water of plasticity, percent	17.2
Coal	1?		Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.5
Underclay (sample 1717) (1	ower			
part of Spoon Formation	on) 11			
Black shale				

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	0.1	1.9	3.3
Total linear shrinkage, percent	3.6	5.4	6.8
Fired color	Salmon	Salmon	Buff

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight warping at 2012°F and 2200°F.

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1718 $NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}Sec. 26, T. 14 N., R. 1 W.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	150		Water of plasticity, percent	23.9
Rock Island (No. 1) Coal	1 4		Linear drying shrinkage, percer	t 5.0
Underclay (sample 1718) (lowe	r			
part of Spoon Formation)	3	6		
Shale				
Firing temperature]	1832°F 2012°F	2200°F

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	4.6	6.9	+20.5
Total linear shrinkage, percent	9.6	11.9	+15.5
Fired color	Salmon	Brick red	Greenish tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Iron discoloration on top surface at all firing temperatures. Bloated at 2200°F.

Suggested uses: Lightweight aggregate, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

HENRY COUNTY

SAMPLE 1611 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}sec.$ 19, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.

Overburden Overlying rocks Rock Island (No. 1) Coal Underclay (sample 1611) (lower part of Spoon Formation) Shale		In.	Water of	properties plasticity, percent ring shrinkage, perc	Fair 16.7 ent 3.5
Firing temperature Linear firing shrinkage, percent Total linear shrinkage, percent Fired color	:		832°F 0.7 4.2	2012°F 5.7 7.2 Brick red	2200°F 4.8 8.3

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight bloating at 2200°F.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1676 $SE_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} SE_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 30, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion	properties	Good
Overlying rocks	20		Water of p	plasticity, perce	ent 24.4
Coal		5	Linear dry	ing shrinkage,	percent 5.0
Underclay (sample 1676) (midd	lle				
part of Spoon Formation)	1	4			
Coal		$\frac{1}{2}$			
Firing temperature		1	832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percer	nt		3.0	6.1	6.8
Total linear shrinkage, percen-	t		8.0	11.1	11.8
Fired color		Sa	almon	Brick red	Brick red

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1677 $SE_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} SE_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 30, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion	properties	Good
Overlying rocks	22		Water of p	lasticity, percent	31.8
Coal		$\frac{1}{2}$	Linear dry	ing shrinkage, percer	nt 8.0
Underclay (sample 1677) (middl	е				
part of Spoon Formation)	2	2			
Coal		$\frac{1}{2}$			
Firing temperature		1	.832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	t		5.0	7.8	7.0
Total linear shrinkage, percent]	13.0	15.8	15.0
Fired color		S	almon	Brick red	Brick red

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight warping and bloating at 2200°F. Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

Ft. In. Extrusion properties

Good

SAMPLE 1678

 $SE_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} SE_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 30, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.$

Overlying rocks	24	Wate	r of plasticity, per	cent 34.4
Coal		$\frac{1}{2}$ Linea	r drying shrinkage,	, percent 6.5
Underclay (sample 1678) (mid	ddle			
part of Spoon Formation	n) 2	3		
Sandstone				
Firing tomporature		10220 🖺	201205	2200°F
rining temperature		1032 1	2012 1	2200 1
Linear firing shrinkage, perc	ent	5.1	9.9	9.9
Total linear shrinkage, perce	ent	11.6	16.4	16.4
Fired color		Salmon	Brick red	Brick red
Sandstone Firing temperature Linear firing shrinkage, perce Total linear shrinkage, perce	ent	1832°F 5.1 11.6	16.4	16.4

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Overburden

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1683

 $SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ sec. 33, T. 14 N., R. 1 E.

Overburden Overlying rocks	Ft. 260	Water o	on properties f plasticity, percent	Poor 13.2
Rock Island (No. 1) Co Underclay (sample 1683) (low part of Spoon Formation Silty sandstone	ver	6 Linear d	lrying shrinkage, perd	cent 2.5
Firing temperature		1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, perc	ent	2.1	3.8	5.4
Total linear shrinkage, perce	ent	3.8	7.1	8.1
Fired color		Brick red	Brick red	Brown

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight bloating and small pyrite blisters at 2200°F. Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1690

 $NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}Sec. 21, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion prop	perties	Good
Overlying rocks	16		Water of plas	ticity, percent	21.6
Coal		6	Linear drying	shrinkage, perce	ent 4.5
Underclay (sample 1690) (lower part of Spoon Formation)					
Shale	3				
Firing temperature		1	.832°F	2012°F	2200°F

2.5 5.7 6.3 Linear firing shrinkage, percent Total linear shrinkage, percent 7.0 10.2 10.8 Fired color Salmon Salmon Brown

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight surface scum at 2012°F. Slight blistering at 2200°F.

$NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}sec$. 21,	Τ.	17	N.,	R.	1	Ε.
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Ft.	In.	Extrusion p	properties	Good	ı
15		Water of p	lasticity, perc	ent 25.0	
1		Linear dryi	ng shrinkage,	percent 4.5	
3	4				
	1	832°F	2012°F	2200°F	
:		2.5	6.9	8.5	
		7.0	11.4	13.0	
	15 1 3	15 1 3 4	Water of pi 1 Linear dryi 3 4	Water of plasticity, perc Linear drying shrinkage, 3 4 1832°F 2012°F 2.5 6.9	15 Water of plasticity, percent 25.0 1 Linear drying shrinkage, percent 4.5 3 4 1832°F 2012°F 2200°F 2.5 6.9 8.5

Pink

Salmon

Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Bonding properties: 8.00 (GCS psi); 2.20 (Optimum H₂0).

Suggested uses: Bonding clay, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1692

$SE_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 27, T. 17 N., R. 2 E.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Fair
Overlying rocks	55		Water of plasticity, percent	15.2
Sandstone	5		Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.0
Shale (sample 1692) (upper				

part of Spoon Formation) 20+ (exposed)

Base covered

Fired color

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	2.5	7.2	5.9
Total linear shrinkage, percent	6.5	10.2	8.9
Fired color	Brick red	Brick red	Red-brown

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight bloating at 2200°F.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1693

$NE_{\frac{1}{4}} NE_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 28, T. 17 N., R. 2 E.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	35		Water of plasticity, percent	23.5
Sandstone	2		Linear drying shrinkage, percent	5.0

Underclay (sample 1693) (middle

part of Spoon Formation) 3 6+ (exposed)

Base covered

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	2.0	5.0	5.5
Total linear shrinkage, percent	7.0	10.0	10.5
Fired color	Cream	Cream	Greenish tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Warping at 2200°F.

 $NW_{\frac{1}{4}} NW_{\frac{1}{4}} NE_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 28, T. 17 N., R. 2 E.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion p	properties	Good
Overlying rocks	20		Water of p	lasticity, perc	ent 23.4
Coal	1	3	Linear dryi	ing shrinkage,	percent 3.5
Underclay (sample 1694) (middl	le				
part of Spoon Formation)	5	6			
Coal streak		1			
Firing temperature		1	832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	t		3.0	7.5	8.1
Total linear shrinkage, percent			6.5	11.0	11.6
Fired color		Sa	almon	Brick red	Brick red

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1695

 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ sec. 28, T. 17 N., R. 2 E.

Ft. In. Extrusion properties

Good

Brick red

Overlying rocks	4	Water of plast	dicity, perc	ent 2	4.2
Coal	2	Linear drying	shrinkage,	percent	3.5
Underclay (sample 1695) (lower					
part of Spoon Formation)	6				
Black shale					
Firing temperature		1832°F	2012°F	2200	°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent		1.7	5.7	8.1	
Total linear shrinkage, percent		4.7	9.5	12.2	

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight warping at 2012°F and 2200°F.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

Salmon

Brick red

SAMPLE 1696

 $SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}sec. 34, T. 17 N., R. 2 E.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Fair
Overlying rocks	12		Water of plasticity, percent	22.6
Sandstone	3	4	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.5
Hadoralay (cample 1606) (mi	4416			

Underclay (sample 1696) (middle

part of Spoon Formation) 5+ (exposed)

Base covered

Overburden

Fired color

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	1.5	6.0	7.1
Total linear shrinkage, percent	5.0	9.5	10.6
Fired color	Pink	Tan	Greenish tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight surface scum at 2012°F.

Overburden

Overburden

Overlying rocks

SAMPLE 1697

$NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 21, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.$

Ft. In. Extrusion properties

Good

Good

12.5

Overlying rocks	10	Water of p	lasticity, percer	nt 25.0
Coal Underclay (sample 1697) (middl part of Spoon Formation) Coaly shale		Linear dry	ing shrinkage, po	ercent 4.0
Firing temperature		1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percer	nt	3.2	6.8	7.6
Total linear shrinkage, percen	t	7.2	10.8	11.6
Fired color		Pink	Salmon	Brown

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight warping at 2200°F.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1698 $SE_{\frac{1}{4}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}sec. 27, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.$

Ft. In.

18

Coal Underclay (sample 1698) (middle [?] part of	10	Linear	drying	shrinkage,	percent	4.0
Spoon Formation) 2 Base covered	2 6	+ (exposed)				
Firing temperature		1832°F		2012°F	:	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent		1.8		4.1		5.6
Total linear shrinkage, percent		5.8		8.1		9.6
Fired color		Cream		Buff	Gre	eenish tan

Extrusion properties

Water of plasticity, percent

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1699

$NE_{\frac{1}{4}} NE_{\frac{1}{4}} NW_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 22, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion	properties	Goo	od
Overlying rocks	80		Water of p	lasticity, perc	ent 18.	0
Ironstone nodular layers Underclay (sample 1699) (upper	1	6	Linear dry	ing shrinkage,	percent 4.	5
part of Abbott Formation) Base covered		6+ (e	xposed)			
Firing temperature		18	332°F	2012°F	2200°F	?
Linear firing shrinkage, percen	t	2	2.0	4.6	5.3	
Total linear shrinkage, percent		7	7.0	8.6	10.3	
Fired color		Sa	lmon	Brick red	Brown	

Surface texture of fired test bar: Slight surface scum at 1832°F and 2012°F.
Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

Overburden	Ft.	ın.	Extrusion pro	perties	Fair	
Overlying rocks	30		Water of plas	sticity, perc	ent 19.3	
Coal streak		$\frac{1}{2}$	Linear drying	shrinkage,	percent 3.5	
Underclay (sample 1700) (lower						
part of Spoon Formation)	3	6				
Coal	1					
Firing temperature		1	832°F	2012°F	2200°F	
Linear firing shrinkage, percent			2.5	5.6	6.5	
Total linear shrinkage, percent			6.0	9.1	10.0	
Fired color		С	ream	Cream	Greenish ta	n

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1701

 $NE_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} SW_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 15, T. 18 N., R. 3 E.$

Overburgen	Ft.	ın.	Extrusion	properties	G	1000
Overlying rocks	35		Water of p	lasticity, perc	ent 1	7.3
Coal	1		Linear dry	ing shrinkage,	percent	3.0
Underclay (sample 1701) (lower	•					
part of Spoon Formation)	3	9				
Shale						
Firing temperature		1	832°F	2012°F	2200)°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percen-	t		0.4	3.3	5.0)
Total linear shrinkage, percent			3.4	6.3	8.0)

Surface texture of fired test bar: Iron discoloration on top surface at all firing temperatures.

Salmon

Salmon

Tan

Suggested uses: Stoneware, structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1702 $SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 15, T. 18 N., R. 3 E.$

Overburden	Ft.	In.	Extrusion properties	Poor
Overlying rocks	40		Water of plasticity, percent	15.0
Coal		8	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	2.5

Underclay (sample 1702) (lower

part of Spoon Formation) 4+ (exposed)

Base covered

Fired color

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	2.1	4.5	6.1
Total linear shrinkage, percent	4.6	7.0	8.6
Fired color	Cream	Cream	Cream

Surface texture of fired test bar: Normal.

SAMPLE 1703 $NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 24, T. 18 N., R. 2 E.$

Overburden	Ft.	In. Extrusion properties	Good
Overlying rocks	70	Water of plasticity, percent	12.8
Rock Island (No. 1) Coal	3	Linear drying shrinkage, percent	3.0
Underclay (sample 1703) (lower			
part of Spoon Formation)	2	6+ (exposed)	
Page governd			

Base covered

Overburden

Fired color

Overlying rocks

Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	0.5	2.2	4.9
Total linear shrinkage, percent	3.5	5.2	7.9
Fired color	Salmon	Salmon	Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Iron discoloration on top surface at all firing temperatures.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1704 $SE_{\frac{1}{4}} NW_{\frac{1}{4}} NE_{\frac{1}{4}} sec. 23, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.$

Ft. In.

40

Coal Underclay (sample 1704) (middle part of Spoon Formation) 3 Silty sandstone	7 Linear o	drying shrinkage, pe	ercent 5.0
Firing temperature	1832°F	2012°F	2200°F
Linear firing shrinkage, percent	2.3	4.8	5.2
Total linear shrinkage, percent	7.3	9.8	10.2
Fired color	Buff	Tan	Greenish tan

Extrusion properties

Water of plasticity, percent

Brick red

Fair

20.0

Tan

Surface texture of fired test bar: Surface scum at 2012°F.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

SAMPLE 1705 $NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1} sec. 30, T. 17 N., R. 1 E.$

Overburden Overlying rocks	Ft. 38	In.	Extrusion properties Water of plasticity, percent Linear drying shrinkage, percent			Good 24.4
Coal	1	7				5.5
Underclay (sample 1705) (mideral part of Spoon Formation Sandy clay				•		
Firing temperature Linear firing shrinkage, perce			332°F 3.3	2012°F 6.0 11.0	2	200°F 2.2 3.6

Surface texture of fired test bar: Warping and bloating at 2200°F.

Suggested uses: Structural clay products, sewer pipe, drain tile, flower pots, art pottery.

Salmon

Generally, an underclay with a light firing color will tend to be more refractory than clays that fire darker. Approximately half of the samples tested are light burning. However, none has a fusion temperature of PCE cone 28 or above, thus making their use as medium heat duty refractories unacceptable: Samples 1607, 1609, 1612, 1618, 1682, 1710, 1711, and 1713, based on their fired colors and mineralogical data, will have the highest fusion temperatures.

Samples 1619, 1625, 1626, 1633, and 1691 were found to have the greatest bonding strength.

The overburden for the outcrop samples varied from 6 to 150 feet. Fifty percent of the sample areas have overburden of 40 feet or less.

The test results show that there are many underclay deposits of commercial quality in the area of Rock Island, Mercer, and Henry Counties. Some of the thinner deposits of good quality that have thicknesses of overburden so great as to make them uneconomical today for industrial use may be of value locally to individuals or schools interested in making small amounts of art pottery.

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CIRCULAR 322

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